

Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918

Alexander James Graham.

Born 03/10/1895 in St. Andrews. Son of Robert Alexander and Elizabeth Alexander, of 11 Fleming Place, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Able Seaman, Clyde Z/2267, Nelson Battalion, Royal Naval Division, Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve. He worked as a booking office clerk in St. Andrews railway station. On 10/11/14, James Alexander enlisted in the Benbow Battalion of the Royal Naval Division, but was later transferred to the Nelson Battalion. Died 13/07/1915. Age 19. On the 13th July 1915, another attempt was made to capture Achi Baba, the Turkish-held strongpoint that dominated the surrounding area on the Gallipoli peninsula. Among the units taking part was the Nelson Battalion of the Royal Naval Division. Able Seaman Alexander was one of 91 men of this battalion who died on that day. His body was identified from his disc, and buried by French troops. After the war his body could not be found for re-burial, and he is commemorated on the Helles Memorial, Turkey, Panels 8 to 15. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Anderson Charles Henry.

Born 12/05/1896 in St. Andrews. Son of Charles and Harriette Anderson, of 116 South Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. He became an apprentice surveyor, and was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the 13th (Reserve) Battalion, Highland Light Infantry. The reserve battalions were used initially to recruit and train men for home defence, but as the war progressed, their main role was to supply replacements for the casualties sustained by the battalions on active service abroad. In August 1915, Lieutenant Anderson's Battalion was based at Stobs Camp near Hawick. Died 25/08/1915. Age 19. Second Lieutenant Anderson was travelling on his motorcycle near Balcomie Castle, Crail, when he met a coaching party on a dangerous corner. To avoid injuring others he turned his motorcycle into a wall, and sustained a fractured skull. He was taken unconscious to the Cottage Hospital St. Andrews, where he died a few hours later. Second Lieutenant Anderson is buried in the St. Andrews Western Cemetery, Grave B.3. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Anderson David. (Seaforths)

Born in St. Andrews. Only son of Walter and Margaret Anderson (nee Bruce), of 5 Ellice Place, St. Andrews. He was a pupil at Madras College in 1910. Private, S/26341, 2nd Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders. Died of wounds 21/04/1918. Age 19. On the 15th April 1918, the 2nd Battalion, Seaforth Highlanders went into the line west of the La Basse Canal near Hinges in France. On the 18th April at about 02.30 hours there was an intense barrage on the front and rear from Rietz to Avelette. While still dark, the enemy made an attack through Pacaut Wood in front of the battalion, attempting to place a pontoon across the canal. The Germans suffered heavy casualties from the effect of the British machine-gun fire, and were entirely driven off leaving many dead and about 130 men who became prisoners. Private Anderson is buried in Lapugnoy Military Cemetery, France, Grave IX.C.29. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: GREATER LOVE HATH NO MAN THAN THIS. He is also commemorated on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour and the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918.

Baird James M.C.

Born 12/10/1893, in St. Andrews. Son of George and Janet Baird, of 29 Abbey Street, St. Andrews. Husband of Daisy E. M. Baird, of 10 Grant Road, Addiscombe, Croydon. Educated at Madras College. Signed his Attestation Paper indicating his willingness to serve with the

Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force on the 22nd June 1915, in Montreal. He was at that time unmarried, and gave his occupation as "bank clerk". He arrived in England with the 87th Battalion, Canadian Infantry, and in the spring of 1918 he married Daisy Bryan in the registration district of Croydon. Died of wounds 23/11/1918. Age 25. Captain Baird was injured in action near Rombies in France on the 5th November 1918. He is buried in St. Sever Cemetery Extension, Rouen, France, Grave S.V.L.1. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: NEVER FORGOTTEN BY HIS DEVOTED WIFE. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Canadian Virtual War Memorial.

Beaven Frederick Leslie M.M.

Born in London. Son of Frederick and Jessie Beaven (nee Hooton), of 14 Wallace Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Private, 1375, 23rd Battalion, Royal Fusiliers. Reported missing in action and later assumed dead 17/02/1917. Age 20. The history of the 23rd Battalion, Royal Fusiliers recalls the events at the beginning of February 1917. *"On February 1st the Battalion moved from Courcelette to Ovillers Huts, and on the 5th went on to Senlis, moving to Wolfe Huts on the 15th, and into the line for operations a day later. Intense cold was experienced at this time. The ground, like iron, was covered with snow. The frost was intense, one man being actually frozen stiff at his post on sentry, and drinking water carried to the front line arrived as lumps of ice, from which bits were chipped for eating. An attack on the German trenches was made on February 17th. Unluckily a day before the attack the frost gave way, a very rapid thaw set in, making No Man's Land deep and heavy with slush and mud. Moving to the attack over such ground was terrible; the objective line was reached, but the following casualties were sustained: 4 officers were killed, 4 were wounded and 1 was missing; 30 other ranks were killed, 165 were wounded and 32 were missing"*. Private Beaven was posthumously awarded the Military Medal on 17/04/1917. He is buried in Adanac Military Cemetery, Miraumont, France, Grave IV.D.6. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Bennett John Nicoll.

Born 01/11/1879 in St. Andrews. Son of Andrew and Mary Bennett (nee Nicoll), of 7 South Bell Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. In session 1907-1908, he registered at the University of Glasgow's Faculty of Law to study Scots Law, and he then registered again in 1908-1909 to study Law and Conveyancing. Prior to military service he worked in different law offices in St. Andrews, Dundee, Edinburgh and Glasgow, before settling in Arbroath where he worked for Johnathan McBain, Solicitors, of Hill Street. On 16/04/1916, he married Jane Lyall Wilson at 52 Addison Place, Arbroath. Second Lieutenant, 121st Siege Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery. Died 19/05/1917. Age 37. Lieutenant Bennett died during the Arras offensive in France. He is buried in Mindel Trench British Cemetery, St. Laurent-Blangy, France, Grave A.17. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial, and on the Glasgow University Roll of Honour.

Black Frank.

Born 17/08/1896 at Kinness Park, St. Andrews. Son of Robert Black (Journeyman Joiner), and Helen (Nellie) Black (nee Walker). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Corporal, 28376, 16th Battalion, Machine Gun Corps (Infantry). Formerly 27637, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Killed in action 27/03/1918. Age 21. Corporal Black died during a German attack on positions held by the 16th (Irish) Division near Ronssoy in France. He is commemorated on the Pozieres Memorial, France, Panels 90 to 93. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National Roll of Honour, on the St. Andrews

War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Commercial Bank of Scotland War Memorial 1914-1918.

Blyth William Herd.

Born 07/10/1895, with his twin sister Davina, at Pilmour Links, St. Andrews. Son of David Blyth (Mercantile Clerk) and Margaret Blyth (nee Herd). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. At the time of his death, his widowed mother lived at 136 South Street, St. Andrews. Sergeant, S/4435, 12th Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Died of wounds 21/09/1918. Age 23. Sergeant Blyth died after being in action against Bulgarian troops during the Salonika campaign. He is buried in Sarigol Military Cemetery, Kriston, Greece, Grave D.687. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: UNTIL THE DAY DAWN. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1914, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Brown David Alison.

Born 16/10/1898 at 8 James Street, Shettleston, County of Lanark. Son of David Todd Brown (Railway Signalman) and Elizabeth Sutherland Brown (nee Johnstone). Educated at Boarhills Public School and Madras College, St. Andrews. After leaving school he was employed as a clerk by a firm in Dundee. Enlisted 17/02/1917. At this time his parents lived at Station House, Kingsbarns. Corporal, 52792, 2nd Battalion, Highland Light Infantry. Died at No.3 Casualty Clearing Station on 25/08/1918 from wounds received at Behagnies two days earlier. Age 19. He is buried in Bagneux British Cemetery, Gezaincourt, France, Grave V1.C.20. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: TILL WE MEET AGAIN. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the Kingsbarns War Memorial.

Brown Robert.

Born 31/12/1885 at Rowan Cottage, Kingsbarns, Fife. Son of Robert Brown and Barbara Brown. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. He joined the Merchant Navy, receiving his Board of Trade Certificate in Hong Kong on 10/10/1910. In May 1915 he was serving on board the S.S. *Afric*, a troopship sailing between Australia and the United Kingdom. On 05/08/1915 he applied to join the Royal Naval Reserve, and began active service on board H.M.S. *Sarnia* on 12/04/1916. The *Sarnia* operated as a ferry between Southampton and the Channel Islands before the war, and was then requisitioned by the Admiralty and converted to an Armed Boarding Steamer. In 1915 she was used to carry troops and military stores from Mudros Bay on the Greek Island of Lemnos, to Cape Helles and Suvla Bay on the Gallipoli Peninsula. On the 12/09/1918, H.M.S. *Sarnia* was in the Mediterranean Sea north of Alexandria in Egypt, when she was torpedoed and sunk by the German submarine U-65. Among those who died was Lieutenant Robert Brown. Age 32. He is commemorated on the Portsmouth Naval Memorial, Panel 30. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the Kingsbarns War Memorial.

Brown Thomas Alexander

Born in 1869, Earlsferry, Fife. Son of Thomas Brown (Linen Weaver) and Janet Brown (nee Duncan), Earlsferry. Living in Loanside Peebles. Married to Jane Brown (nee McGill) in 1894. Educated at Madras College. War medals issued to son in Peebles in 1922. Ship's Master in Merchant Navy. Died 08/08/1917 Gulf of Riga from a burst blood vessel. Captain of S.S. *Elba* which was on loan to the Russian Government. It was involved in the fighting in August 1917 which led to the Russian evacuation of Riga. Age 48. Buried at Kuressaare Town Lutheran Cemetery, Kudjape, Estonia. Mentioned in the London Gazette 7th August 1918 "Commended

for Services” He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918 and was the Brookwood Russian Memorial which was removed in 2015 due to CWGC policy preventing dual commemorations.

Caseby William Robert Brown M.C.

Born 14/07/1895 in St. Andrews. Son of David Caseby and Margaret Caseby (nee Brown), of 30 Argyll Street, St. Andrews. Educated at the Burgh School and Madras College, St. Andrews. Became an Architect before obtaining a commission in February 1915. Served in both Gallipoli and Egypt. Second Lieutenant Royal Scots, attached 1st Battalion Lancashire Fusiliers. Awarded the Military Cross on 22/09/1916 “ *for conspicuous gallantry in leading an attack after all the other officers were injured*”. General H. Weston wrote; “*I hereby congratulate you on the honour done by His Majesty the King in awarding you the military cross for your gallant conduct on 1 July 1916.*” Died 25/04/1917. Age 21. On the 25th April 1917, Lieutenant Colonel Magniac, the commanding officer the 1st Battalion Lancashire Fusiliers, was sitting underneath a waterproof sheet in the recess of a communications trench on the east side of Monchy-le-Preux in the Arras sector. With him were the Battalion’s adjutant, Lieutenant Bloodworth, and the bombing officer, Lieutenant Caseby. A shell struck the edge of the trench, wounding Lieutenant Bloodworth, and killing both Lieutenant Colonel Magniac and Lieutenant Caseby. His new commanding officer wrote “*He was the most liked man in the battalion. His men and brother officers were more upset hearing of his death than of any other casualty.*” Lieutenant Caseby is commemorated on the Arras Memorial, France, Bays 1 and 2. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Cook William Joseph Morison.

Born 24/05/1895 in Ayton, County of Berwick. Son of William Cook (Schoolmaster) and Mary Gilles Cook (nee Purvis). Educated at Madras College St. Andrews. In 1911 he was living with his widowed mother at “Springbank”, Buchanan Gardens, St. Andrews. Private, 4868, 4th Battalion, Black Watch. Died of wounds 20/10/1916. Age 21. The 4th/5th Battalion, Black Watch, was one of the units that attacked the German-held Schwaben Redoubt in the Somme sector, on the 14th October 1916. Following an artillery barrage the assault began at 2.46 p.m., and from the start there were heavy casualties especially among the officers. The front line German trenches were taken and many of the enemy were killed or taken prisoner. Fighting continued into the evening, and at 10.50 p.m. orders were received to send up the reserve company to hold the line. When the remaining men of the three assaulting companies returned, there were only thirty of them in total. Private Cook is buried in Contay British Cemetery, Contay, France, Grave IV.C.8. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: UNTIL HE COME. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Craig Henry David Cook M.C.

Born 25/10/1888 in Ardentiny, Argyllshire. Son of Susan Craig and the late Reverend Robert Craig, of 3 Dempster Terrace, St Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews (M.A. 1911), where he was a member of the University Artillery Battery and Officer Training Corps. Member of the Soudan Civil Service, Education Department, Khartoum. Captain, 3rd Battalion, Special Reserve, the Highland Light Infantry. Brigade Major, 107th Infantry Brigade, in the great offensive of August 1918. Awarded the Military Cross in January 1919 “ *For personal gallantry and good work during the operations carried out by the 2nd Army between 28th September 1918 and 10th October 1918.*” Major, Highland Light Infantry, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General with the British Military

Mission in the Baltic. Mentioned in Despatches. Order of St Stanislaus 2nd Class with Swords (Russia). Died 13/02/1920. Age 31. Major Craig died of typhus at Reval (Tallinn), Estonia. He is buried in Tallinn Military Cemetery, Estonia, Special Memorial. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the University of St. Andrews Roll of Honour and Roll of Service 1914-1919.

Duncan Thomas.

Born 07/07/1869 in Kingsbarns. Son of Thomas Duncan, of Brownhills. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. He went to live in Australia before moving to Canada. Signed his Attestation Papers indicating his willingness to serve with the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force on 22/09/1914 at Valcartier, Quebec, becoming Private 19252 in the 4th Battalion, Canadian Infantry. At the time he was 45 years of age, unmarried, and had become wealthy through his various property interests. On the 23rd April 1915, during the Second Battle of Ypres, the 4th Battalion, Canadian Infantry, was one of the units that took part in an attack on the German held positions at Pilkem Ridge. Among the casualties was Private Thomas Duncan. It is probable that he was wounded in action, and then evacuated to a hospital in Boulogne where he died on 28/04/1915. Age 45. He is buried in Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France, Grave VIII.A.39. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Canadian Virtual War Memorial.

Farquharson Alexander.

Born in St. Andrews. In the 1911 Census he was aged 15 and lived with his widowed father Thomas Farquharson, at 116 Market Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Private S/9801, 2nd Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Killed in action 18/08/1916. Age 20. At 2.45 p.m. on the 18th August 1916, British troops began another attack on the German positions at High Wood in the Somme sector. Among those taking part was the 2nd Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. The Battalion suffered heavy losses from the enemy machine-gun fire, and although some did reach the German trenches, 59 were killed including Private Alexander Farquharson. He is commemorated on the Thiepval Memorial, France, Pier and Face 15A and 16C. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Farquharson James.

Born 04/03/1894 in St. Andrews. In the 1911 Census he was aged 17, and lived with his widowed father Thomas Farquharson at 116 Market Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews (Student in Arts and Medicine, Martinmas 1912 to Martinmas 1914), member of the Officer Training Corps. Second Lieutenant, 11th Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Killed in action 23/04/1917. Age 23. Second Lieutenant Farquharson was one of 81 men of his Battalion who died on that day during the Battle of Arras. He is buried in Fuechy Chapel British Cemetery, Wancourt, France, Grave I.D.27. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on St. Andrews University Roll of Honour and Roll of Service 1914-1919.

Ferguson Roderick MacKenzie.

Born 05/12/1894 in Ashford, Kent. Son of John McCrae Ferguson and Eliza Jane Ferguson (nee Kellas). John Ferguson worked for the Civil Service as an Inland Revenue Collector, and in the 1901 Census the family were living at 1 Adelaide Place, Dundee, where six year old Roderick was at school. The family then lived for a time in Queen's Gardens, St. Andrews,

where Roderick was a pupil at Madras College. In 1907 the family moved to Edinburgh, where Roderick attended George Watson's College, before spending his final year of secondary education at Aberdeen Grammar School. In 1913 he went to Canada, and in November 1914 in Toronto, he signed his Attestation Paper indicating his willingness to serve overseas with the Canadian Expeditionary Force. He gave his next-of-kin as John Ferguson of "Woodfield", Banchory, Kincardineshire, and his occupation as Banking (Canadian Bank of Commerce). He became Private 109336 in the 4th Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles, which sailed from Canada to England in July 1915. In March 1916 he was transferred to the 4th Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, receiving his commission as a 2nd Lieutenant. Killed in action 13/11/1916. Age 21. On that day, the 4th Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, left their trenches at Maily Wood in the Somme sector of France and took part in an attack by the 51st Highland Division on the German stronghold at Beaumont-Hamel. After heavy fighting, the Scottish troops were eventually able to surround the German position, forcing the survivors to surrender. Among those killed was 2nd Lieutenant Ferguson. He is buried in Y Ravine Cemetery, Beaumont-Hamel, France, Grave A.27. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: TILL HE COME. He is also commemorated on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, the George Watson's School War Memorial, Edinburgh, the Aberdeen Grammar School War Memorial, the Banchory War Memorial, and the Canadian Virtual War Memorial. He is most probably the R.M. Ferguson who is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918.

Forbes Alexander Bruce.

Born 20/09/1888 in Thornhill, Parish of Morton, County of Dumfries. Son of James Forbes and Barbara Forbes (nee Jackson). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, at Morrison's Academy, Crieff, and at the University of Edinburgh (Student of Science 1906-1910, B.Sc. 1910). Inspector of the English Board of Agriculture. Joined the Inns of Court O.T.C. in July 1917. Gazetted as a Second Lieutenant in the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in April 1918. He was serving with the 1st/8th Battalion when he died at a casualty clearing station on 29/10/1918, of wounds received at Famais the previous day. Age 30. His Commanding Officer wrote "*He had been with us a very short time, but the battalion has been engaged with the enemy before his arrival and incessantly since. He showed up at once as a fine platoon officer, fearless and resourceful.*" Second Lieutenant Forbes is buried in Ramillies British Cemetery, France, Grave G.15. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the Edinburgh University Roll of Honour 1914-1919.

Gillespie Charles.

Born 17/12/1892 in St. Andrews. Son of Christina Gillespie nee (Downie), and the late James Gillespie, of 3 Kinburn Terrace, St. Andrews. Brother of James Gillespie. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews (B.Sc. 1914), member of the Officer Training Corps. Charles Gillespie was a good athlete at school and captained the 1st XV rugby team during his final year at Madras College, 1909-10. He then became a student at St Andrews University, where he was captain of both the athletic club, and the hockey team. He was studying medicine at St. Andrews University when the First World War began. After volunteering to serve in September 1914, he was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the 4th Battalion, Highland Light Infantry. After the 4th Battalion landed in France on the 15th March 1915, he was attached to the 2nd Battalion of the same regiment. Died of wounds 20/09/1915. Age 22. On the 24th August 1915, he was shot through the left lung, and after a period in which his condition improved, he died at Chocques, near Bethune. His Colonel wrote "*I had a very high opinion of him and I assure you that I am only voicing the feelings of every officer and man in the battalion in saying that he is the greatest loss to us.*" Second Lieutenant

Gillespie is buried in Chocques Military Cemetery, France, Grave I.B.27. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the University of St. Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-1919.

Gillespie James.

Born 28/11/1882 in St. Andrews. Son of Major James Gillespie and Christina Gillespie (nee Downie). Brother of Charles Gillespie. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Became an architect. Obtained a commission as Second Lieutenant, 7th Battalion, Black Watch (Territorial Force) on 28/05/1906. Married on 16/06/1911 in Dunfermline to Katherine Blair. Promoted to Lieutenant on 10/01/1914 and to Captain on 01/10/1914. Served in France and Flanders from 01/05/1915. Killed in action 30/07/1916. Age 33. On the 29th July 1916, the 7th Battalion, Black Watch, received orders that they would be taking part in an attack on the German-held positions at High Wood, in the Somme sector. At 6.10 p.m. on the 30th, the attack began, with "C" Company on the right, "B" Company on the left, and "A" and "D" Companies in support. The preliminary bombardment, which lasted for 15 minutes, was neither accurate nor sufficiently intense, with the result that when the leading companies had pushed some way into the wood, they were met by heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. Eventually the attack stopped, and the survivors withdrew to their original trench line. The Battalion lost 9 officers killed and 3 wounded, and 31 other ranks killed, 98 wounded and 14 missing. Captain Gillespie is buried in Serre Road Cemetery No. 2, France, Grave V.G.8. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: PRO REGE ET GREGE. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Hall Kenneth Stuart.

Born 15/07/1896 at "Castlelea", St. Andrews. Son of Robert Hall (Gas Engineer) and Margaret Hall (nee Hunter). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. At the time of his death, his parents were living at "Elmbank", Dollar, Clackmannanshire. Kenneth Stuart Hall received his commission as a Second Lieutenant in the 15th Battalion Northumberland Fusiliers on 14/12/1914. On 1st November 1915 he was attached to the 21st Division Cyclist Battalion. On 21st January 1916, He wrote a letter home in which he described what it was like to take part in a night patrol. *"I went out on patrol with one of our officers and our sergeant. We got right up to the German barbed wire, five yards from their trench. We could see them walking past and hear them talking, and I should have liked to fire at them. When they put up lights we just lay still and there was plenty of cover near two mine craters. The Division mentioned our report in their daily summary and called it a very valuable reconnaissance."* Four days later on 25th January 1916, Second Lieutenant Hall volunteered to lead a bombing party on a night attack on the German trenches near Armentieres. The party had got quite close to a gap in the enemy's wire when they were detected. The Germans sent up flares to illuminate the area, and opened fire. Second Lieutenant Hall was hit and carried unconscious to a casualty clearing station where he died fifteen minutes later. Age 19. His Commanding Officer wrote of him *"He was doing his duty nobly, leading his party in a raid on the German trenches. In the little time he was with us I got to appreciate his worth. He certainly knew no fear."* Second Lieutenant Hall is buried in the Cite Bonjean Military Cemetery, Armentieres, France, Grave IX.E.50. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: AND FROM THE GROUND THERE BLOSSOMS RED LIFE THAT SHALL ENDLESS BE. On 3rd February 1916, his promotion to the rank of Lieutenant was announced in the *London Gazette*. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial

1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Henderson R. (K.O.S.B.).

Son of Charles and Isabella Henderson, of Moonzie Works, Balmullo. Husband of Christina Henderson, of Allan Cottage, Balmullo. Private 24688, 7th/8th Battalion, King's Own Scottish Borderers. Died 27/08/1917. Age 34. The day before, the Battalion marched through Ypres in pouring rain, passed the Menin Gate and relieved the 8th/10th Battalion Gordon Highlanders north of the Ypres-Zonnebeke Road. They remained in the water-logged trenches until the night of the 28th August. Private Henderson is commemorated on the Tyne Cot Memorial, Belgium, Panels 66 to 68. He is also commemorated on the Leuchars War Memorial, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour. He may be the R. Henderson who is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918.

Henderson R. (M.N.).

Born in Leuchars. Son of Annie Henderson (nee Straithdon) and the late David Henderson, of 20 College Street, St. Andrews. Died 24/02/1918. Age 48. Robert Henderson was First Mate on the S.S. *Renfrew* carrying a cargo of iron ore from Bilbao to Barrow, when the ship was torpedoed by the German submarine U-91 and sank 8 miles south-west of St. Ann's Head, Pembrokeshire. Among the 40 crew-members who lost their lives was First Mate Henderson. He is commemorated on the Tower Hill Memorial, London. He is also commemorated on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour. He may be the R. Henderson who is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918.

Houston John.

Born 24/10/1893 at 110 South Street, St. Andrews. Son of Lawrence Craigie Houston (Market Gardener) and Eliza Houston (nee Morgan). Brother of Lennox Houston. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. At the time of his death, his parents were living at 22 Netherby Road, Trinity, Edinburgh. Corporal 351091, 1st/9th Battalion, Royal Scots. The battalion was involved in the operations on 23rd April 1917 during the Battle of Arras, and lost 60 dead, 115 wounded and 55 missing in fighting near Roeux. Corporal Houston died on 03/05/1917. Age 23. He is buried in Boulogne Eastern Cemetery, France, Grave IV.C.50. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: THY WILL BE DONE. He was probably injured in action and transferred to a hospital in Boulogne where he died. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Houston Lennox James.

Born 18/03/1897 at 109 South Street, St. Andrews. Son of Laurence Craigie Houston (Market Gardener) and Elisabeth Houston (nee Morgan). Brother of John Houston. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. At the time of his death, his parents were living at 22 Netherby Road, Edinburgh. Pioneer 121265, 8th Division Signal Section, Royal Engineers. Died 16/08/1917. Age 20. Pioneer Houston died during the 3rd Battle of Ypres by a shell that landed at his feet, and was posthumously awarded the Military Medal on 28/09/1917. It was awarded for his gallant services during the attack of 31st July 1917. He is commemorated on the Tyne Cot Memorial, Belgium, Panels 8 and 162. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Lyell Robert William.

Born 12/05/1899 in St. Andrews. Son of John and Catherine Lyell, of Annell House, 36 Argyle Street, St Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St.

Andrews, which he entered in 1917 as a bursary winner. Private, S/22306, 1st/5th Battalion, Gordon Highlanders. Killed in action 01/08/1918. Age 19. Private Lyell died at Villemontoire, near Soissons, one of 12 men of his Battalion who died on that day. He is buried in Raperie British Cemetery, Villemontoire, France, Grave IV.E.9. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: WE WILL MEET ON THE GOLDEN SHORE WHERE PARTINGS ARE NO MORE. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the University of St Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-19, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Mason Cecil Wyatt.

Born 17/10/1889 at the Golf Hotel St. Andrews. Son of David Mason (Hotel Keeper) and Eliza Mason (nee Stubbs). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Second Lieutenant, 11th Battalion, Royal Scots. Died either 08 or 09/04/1917. Age 27. Second Lieutenant Mason died while his Battalion was in action for 5 days during the Battle of Arras, sustaining over 100 casualties. He is buried in St. Nicholas British Cemetery, France, Grave I.E.11. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: "JESUS WEPT". He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial.

McCall D.

Not identified.

McKenzie Henry Maurice.

Born 03/12/1888 at Grant Lodge, Elgin. Son of John McKenzie (Rector of Elgin Academy) and Mary McKenzie (nee Stuart). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews, graduating M.B., Ch.B. in 1914. In the 1911 Census he was aged 22 and lived with his parents John and Mary McKenzie at Madras House, South Street, St. Andrews, where John McKenzie was Rector of Madras College. Captain, Royal Army Medical Corps. He was attending the wounded at Neuve Chapelle in 1915 when his left arm was shattered by a shell burst and had to be amputated below the shoulder. Died 17/05/1920, age 31, in the registration district of St. Martin, London. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the St. Andrews University Roll of Service 1914-1919.

Morgan Alfred.

Born 02/12/1886 in St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. In the 1901 Census he was living with his Grandmother, Eliza Morgan, at 6 Bell Street, St. Andrews. Signed his Attestation Papers indicating his willingness to serve with the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force on 05/06/1915, in Vernon, British Columbia. At the time he was unmarried, gave his trade as "civil engineer", and gave his next of kin as L. C. Houston, 52 Stirling Road, Trinity, Edinburgh. Private, 442144, 7th Battalion, Canadian Infantry. Died 26/09/1916. Age 29. On the 26th September 1916, his battalion took part in an assault on the German positions on Thiepval Ridge in the Somme sector. Private Morgan was one of 23 men of his Battalion who died on that day. He is commemorated on the Vimy Memorial, France. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Canadian Virtual War Memorial.

Morrison Leonard Graeme.

Born 21/01/1895. Son of Charles and Helena Morrison, of Bonnytown, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews (Student in Medicine, Martinmas 1913 to Martinmas 1914), member of the Officer Training Corps. Captain, 9th

Battalion, Black Watch (Royal Highlanders). Killed in action 23/04/1917. Age 22. At 2.30 a.m. on the morning of 23rd April 1917, the 9th Battalion, Black Watch, moved up to its allotted position for the attack on Guemappe in the Arras sector. At 4.45 a.m. the attack was launched under an artillery barrage, and it was soon apparent that the advance was held up. At this point a party of about 70 men of the Battalion under Captain L. G. Morrison had managed to reach Hammer Trench and Dragoon Lane, just north of Guemappe. Here they remained fighting stubbornly for four hours, suffering heavily from their own artillery, that was unaware that they were still holding out. At 6.00 p.m. Captain Morrison organized another attack with a mixed force of Black Watch, Seaforths and Cameron Highlanders, but he was killed leading the assault. At 2.30 a.m. on the 24th the Battalion was withdrawn. During the fighting 10 officers and 172 other ranks were killed, wounded or missing. Captain Morrison is buried in Guemappe British Cemetery, Wancourt, France, Grave I.E.9. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews University Roll of Honour 1914-1919, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918.

Norrie Peter Ferrier.

Born in St. Andrews in 1896. Son of Robert and Betsy Norrie, of 21 Argyle Street, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Corporal, S/6799, 2nd Battalion, Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders. Died of wounds 22/09/1918. Age 22. Corporal Norrie is buried in Domino British Cemetery, Epehy, France, Grave I.A.3. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: TO MEMORY DEAR. He is commemorated on the Madras College War memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Rait Douglas.

Born on 03/05/1886 in Leuchars. Son of James Rait and Mary Dick Rait (nee Ritchie). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Private, SPTS/1656, 23rd (Sportsman's) Battalion, Royal Fusiliers. Reported missing in action and later assumed dead 03/05/1917. Age 31. The history of the 23rd Battalion, Royal Fusiliers recalls the events at the beginning of May 1917. *"On May 1st a composite battalion was formed of two companies of the 23rd Royal Fusiliers and two companies of the 1st Royal Berks, and moved forward to a position in front of Oppy to deliver an attack on the Oppy-Fresnoy line. Attacking on May 3rd, Fresnoy trench was captured with between sixty and seventy prisoners and a machine gun. Heavy counter-attacks were made by the Germans during the day, and, in view of these and the retirement of the troops on the right, it became necessary to retire along Fresnoy trench. At 3.30 a.m., on the night of May 3rd-4th, the Battalion was relieved by the 15th Warwicks, and moved back to disused enemy trenches in the Roclinourt area, the total casualties sustained being 7 officers and 122 other ranks."* Private Rait is commemorated on the Arras Memorial, France, Bay 3. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Leuchars War Memorial, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Rattray Ralph Derby

Born in Glasgow in 1891. Son of Wellwood Rattray (Landscape Painter) and Jemima Rattray. Jemima died in 1898, aged 40. In the 1901 Census, Ralph is living at 7 Berkeley Terrace, Glasgow, with his father Wellwood Rattray, his stepmother Annie Rattray, and his siblings. Wellwood died in 1902, aged 52. Ralph was educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. His name appears in a number of editions of the Madras College Magazine for 1906 and 1907, where he is mentioned as a member of the golf, cricket and rugby teams. In 1913 he married Elizabeth McCusker, and at the time of his enlistment they lived at 355 Wellshot Road, Tollcross, Glasgow. Private 203308, 5th Battalion, Cameronians (Scottish Rifles). Died 18/05/1917. Age 26. Private Rattray was wounded and must

have been evacuated to a hospital in England, because he is recorded in the register of deaths for April to June 1917 in the Sherborne district of Dorset. He is buried in the Sandymount Cemetery, Glasgow, Grave H.567. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Redfearn Percival.

Born 1894 in Chatham, Kent. Son of Peter Patrick Redfearn and Rosalia Sarah Redfern. At the time of his enlistment his parents lived at 30 Cross Lane, Gravesend, Kent. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Percival Redfearn went to Australia in 1914, and on 20/01/1916 he enlisted to serve in the A.I.F. (Australian Imperial Force). At the time he was unmarried, named his school as Madras College, St. Andrews, and worked at Courfield Farm, Raglan, Rockhampton, Queensland. He became Private 5584, 15th Battalion, A.I.F., and on 20th May 1916 he left Australia on board H.M.A.T. *Hawkes Bay*. The 15th Battalion was in action on 08/08/1916 near Pozieres in France, and among the casualties that day was Private Percival Redfearn. He was initially reported as missing in action, but was later confirmed as killed. Age 22. He is commemorated on the Villers-Bretonneux Memorial, France. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Australian War Memorial Canberra.

Roger John Millar.

Born 26/02/1895 in St. Andrews. Son of John Roger (Farmer) and Blanche Roger (nee Kilgour), of "Balgove", St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, where he was a member of the undefeated rugby team of 1910-11, and at the University of St. Andrews, where he was a Student of Agriculture, 1913-1914. Corporal, 2089, Fife and Forfar Yeomanry. Died of illness 29/11/1915. Age 20. The 32 officers and 617 other ranks of the Fife and Forfar Yeomanry came ashore at Suvla Bay Gallipoli, under cover of darkness on the 24th September 1915. On the following morning they found that the British trenches were in full view of the Turkish positions above them. There was a steady loss of men through artillery and sniper fire, and also as a result of disease. Corporal Roger died of dysentery, and was buried in a temporary grave behind the firing lines. His body could not be located after the war for re-burial. The officer in command of his troop wrote about his death on the 12th December 1915. "*We had a bad thunderstorm on Friday November 26th, and in addition to getting soaked were flooded out of our reserve trenches. Saturday was a bitterly cold day with a north wind, and we moved up to the firing line at 5.30 p.m., wading up to the knees most of the way. The fire trenches were knee-deep in icy water, and we were wet and in water all the weekend. There was snow on Sunday, but a hard frost on Sunday night dried the trenches by Monday morning. It was on this Monday morning, the 29th that he died. It was really his extreme pluckiness that caused his death. He had never been well since landing. We all had dysentery more or less at first, but got better: those that did not went to hospital. John never threw it off but refused to go to hospital. I saw him not looking well and asked him several times how he was, but he would not admit that he was really ill, and insisted on doing his full share of guard's work. He died quite suddenly. I expect it was heart failure owing to exposure and cold. He showed everyone of us an example in steady courage, and I think it takes as much real pluck to hold on straight against a strain as it does to do some dashing exploit in the heat of action.*" Corporal Roger is commemorated on the Helles Memorial, Turkey, Panel 20. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the University of St Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-19, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Rusack Louis Amrhein.

Born 15/12/1888 at the Marine Hotel, the Links, St. Andrews. Son of William Rusack (Hotel-Keeper) and Janet Rusack (nee Welsh). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Served in the Malay States Volunteer Rifles. Lieutenant, 7th Battalion, Border Regiment. Killed in action while burying one of his officers 04/07/1916. Age 27. On the second day of the Battle of the Somme, 2nd July 1916, the 7th Battalion, Border Regiment moved to Fricourt Wood. On the following morning at 3.00 a.m. the Battalion attacked the German positions at Bottom Wood before taking Railway Alley and consolidating the position at Bottom Wood. The Battalion was relieved during the evening of the 3rd/4th July, and returned to dugouts in Fricourt Wood. Lieutenant Rusack is buried in Dantzig Alley British Cemetery, Mametz, France, Grave IX.J.6. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Scott Hugh Barr.

Born 23/02/1878 at Hillhead, Kingsbarns. Son of John Scott (Farmer) and Isabella Scott. Emigrated to New Zealand. Enlisted in the New Zealand Expeditionary Force when he was working as a labourer on the farm of Henry Parkes of Lower Matakana. Private 24/1814, 2nd Battalion, Auckland Regiment, New Zealand Expeditionary Force. Private Barr arrived in France in the middle of April 1916. He was first injured in July 1916, then again on the 27th September 1916, and finally on the 21st November 1916, when he received a gunshot wound to the abdomen. He died the next day at a casualty clearing station. Age 38. Private Scott is buried in Trois Arbres Cemetery, Steenwerck, France, Grave I.C.11. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Kingsbarns War Memorial, on the Scottish National War Memorial, on the Matakana War Memorial, New Zealand, and on the New Zealand First World War Roll of Honour.

Scroggie William Robertson.

Born 26/08/1887 in the Parish of Forgan. Son of Robert Scroggie (Ship Owner) and Elizabeth Scroggie (nee Robertson). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. In the 1911 Census he was living with his widowed mother at "Liscombe", Kennedy Gardens, St. Andrews, and worked as a Jute Spinner. Second Lieutenant, The Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, attached 1st/5th Battalion South Lancashire Regiment. Killed in action 30/11/1917. Age 30. The Battalion War Diary records that on the 30th November 1917 "*The enemy attacked about 7:20 a.m. in great numbers and broke through North of Villers-Guislain. At once, large numbers worked down southwards and attacked the Battalion in the rear. Not an officer or man of the Battalion came back, and long after the enemy had advanced on our front were seen to be fighting around Battalion Headquarters.*" Lieutenant Scroggie is commemorated on the Cambrai Memorial, Louverval, France, Panel 8. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Strettell William Michael Dashwood Stirling.

Born 29/09/1893 in Tenerife. Son of George William Strettell and Caroline Strettell. Educated at Kelvinside Academy, Glasgow, at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at St. Andrews University, where he was a Student of Medicine 1911-1914. In the Census of 1911, he was living with his widowed mother at 1 City Road, St. Andrews. Appointed Second Lieutenant, The Highland Light Infantry 15th August 1914. Served in France and Flanders from 1st May 1915, where he was attached to the 2nd Battalion, The King's Own Scottish Borderers. Wounded at Hill 60 on 8th May 1915 and invalided home. Being unfit for general service he was seconded to the 1st Garrison Battalion, The Royal Scots, and served with them in Lemnos and Egypt. In September 1916 he joined the Royal Flying Corps, and was appointed Assistant

Flying Instructor at the Central Flying School, Upavon, Wiltshire in April 1917. He returned to France on 29th September 1917 as Captain, 1st Aircraft Depot, Royal Flying Corps. The 1st Aircraft Depot was based at St. Omer, and received new aircraft from England, as well as repairing damaged ones before they were sent back to operational squadrons. Captain Strettel died 28/11/1917, aged 24, while test-flying a repaired Sopwith Camel. He is buried in Longuenesse (St. Omer) Souvenir Cemetery, France, Grave IV.F.13. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Kelvinside Academy World War I Memorial, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, and on the University of St. Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-19.

Studley Logan.

Born in the registration district of York in 1896. Son of Harry Studley (Major, Quartermaster, Black Watch) and Mary Studley. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Enlisted with the 7th Battalion, Black Watch Special Reserve in Edinburgh on 12/9/1913 aged 17. Released by the Black Watch in January 1914 to join the 2nd Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment in Guernsey. Private Logan Studley arrived in Belgium with the 2nd Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment on 5th October 1914. He received a commission as a Second Lieutenant in the East Yorkshire Regiment on 16th October 1914, but before the transfer to his new regiment could take place, he died of wounds while the 2nd Battalion, Yorkshire Regiment were in the trenches under heavy German shell-fire. Died 25/10/1914. Age 17. Second Lieutenant Logan Studley is buried in Ypres Town Cemetery, Belgium, Grave A1.7. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: DEATH IS SWALLOWED UP IN VICTORY 1.COR.XV.54. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, on the All Saints Church Memorial St. Andrews, on the War Memorial of the 34th Glasgow Company The Boy's Brigade, and on the North Kelvinside School, Glasgow, War Memorial.

Terras James Sutter.

Born 22/03/1885 in Lesmahagow, Lanarkshire. Son of David Terras (Forester) and Mary Ann Terras (nee Sutter). Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews, where he was a Student in Arts, 1903-1904, and also a member of the University Artillery Battery. He emigrated to Australia when he was aged 25, and became an Assistant House Master at Tudor House School, Moss Vale, New South Wales. In March 1916, aged 31, he was successful in his application to obtain a commission in the Australian Imperial Force, giving his profession as schoolmaster, and his next of kin as his wife, Edith Bessie Terras, of "Trevallyn", Hunter Street, Hornsby, New South Wales. Lieutenant Terras embarked from Sydney on the H.M.A.T. *Ceramic* on 7th October 1916, and joined the 45th Battalion, Australian Imperial Force in France. In 1918, his battalion was one of those that played a crucial role in stopping the German advance during the spring offensive. On the 28th March 1918, Lieutenant Terras was leading a number of his men near the Albert-Dernacourt railway line. As they passed a level crossing, he and two others were killed by a German sniper, and buried in temporary graves near the crossing. Age 33. Following his death, his mother wrote asking for more information about what had happened to him, and she was sent the relevant details. At the time her address was West Craigfoodie, Dairsie, Fife. Lieutenant Terras is buried in Dernacourt Communal Cemetery Extension, France, Grave X.B.5. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: IN MEMORY OF DARLING HUSBAND AND SON SORROWING WIFE AND PARENTS. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, on the University of St. Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-1919, on the Dairsie War Memorial, on the Hornsby War Memorial, New South Wales, and on the Australian War Memorial, Canberra.

Turnbull Hugh MacDiarmid.

Born 11/06/1893 in India. Son of the Reverend Archibald Turnbull and Mary Jane Turnbull (nee Macdiarmid). In 1895 his father and mother returned with their family to Scotland, where Mary Jane died three years later. In 1900 his father married Katherine Ferguson in Linlithgow, and in the 1901 Census the family were living at 2 Murray Place, St. Andrews. Hugh Turnbull was educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. In the 1911 Census he was aged 17 and working as a bank clerk in Edinburgh. Lieutenant, 1st/4th Battalion, attached 5th/6th Battalion, Royal Scots. Between July and early November 1917, the Battalion was in the coastal sector of the front line near Nieuport in Belgium. It was a quiet area, with no major operations taking place during that period. Lieutenant Turnbull was killed in action on 05/09/1917. Age 24. He is buried in Coxyde Military Cemetery, Belgium, Grave III.F.4. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: A PERFECT SCOTTISH GENTLEMAN. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Watt Colin Robert Jamieson.

Born in Roorkee, India. Son of Major Alexander Watt and Mary Anne Watt, of 3 West View, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Second Lieutenant, 212th Field Company, Royal Engineers. He was wounded on 8th August 1916 while in charge of a working party at Becourt in the Somme Sector, and died of his wounds on 14/08/1916. Age 25. Second Lieutenant Watt is buried in Heilly Station Cemetery, Mericourt-L'Abbe, France, Grave III.C.7. The personal inscription on his headstone reads: PEACE PERFECT PEACE. He is commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Wilson Alexander.

Son of John and Mary Wilson, of "Wilberlea", Donaldson Gardens, St. Andrews. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews. Second Lieutenant, 2nd/7th Battalion, attached 1st/6th Battalion, Lancashire Fusiliers. Served in the Dardanelles and in Egypt. Awarded the Bronze Medal for Military Valour (Italy). Killed in action 21/03/1918. Age 26. Second Lieutenant Wilson died during the German spring offensive in 1918. He is commemorated on the Pozieres Memorial, France, Panels 32 to 34. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the St. Andrews War Memorial 1914-1918, and on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour.

Young John.

Born 14/05/1882 in Strathkinness. Son of William and Margaret Young. Husband of Flora Young, of Strathkinness. Educated at Madras College, St. Andrews, and at the University of St. Andrews (Student in Arts, 1900), member of the University Artillery Battery. Served for 12 years in India with the 8th Battalion, Black Watch. Went to Australia, and became an instructor at Blackboy Hill Camp, Western Australia. When he signed his Attestation Papers indicating his willingness to serve in the Australian Imperial Force, he was 33 years of age, and gave his next of kin as his wife, Flora Young, of Strathkinness. On 10th October 1916 he embarked from Freemantle with the 44th Battalion, Australian Infantry, Australian Imperial Force. Captain Young died on 10/10/1917. Age 35. He was killed by shell-fire during operations near Ypres, and was buried 400 yards North of the Zonnebeke Railway Station. In 1922 it was confirmed that it had not been possible to locate his original burial place or to be able to indicate his present resting place. He is commemorated on the Ypres (Menin Gate) Memorial, Panels, 7,17,23,25,27,29,31. He is also commemorated on the Madras College War Memorial 1914-1918, on the Scottish National War Memorial Roll of Honour, on the Strathkinness War Memorial, and on the University of St. Andrews Roll of Honour 1914-1919.

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